| 1  | STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA<br>OFFICE OF THE CHIEF TRIAL COUNSEL  | FILED                                    |  |  |  |  |
|----|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| 2  | JAYNE KIM, No. 174614<br>CHIEF TRIAL COUNSEL  | DEC 1 4 2012                             |  |  |  |  |
| 3  | JOSEPH R. CARLUCCI, No. 172309<br>DEPUTY CHIEF TRIAL COUNSEL  | STATE BAR COURT CLERK'S OFFICE           |  |  |  |  |
| 4  | KEVIN B. TAYLOR, No. 151715<br>ASSISTANT CHIEF TRIAL COUNSEL  | LOS ANGELES                              |  |  |  |  |
| 5  | ELI D. MORGENSTERN, No. 190560<br>SENIOR TRIAL COUNSEL  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6  | KELSEY J. BLEVINGS, No. 271271  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7  | DEPUTY TRIAL COUNSEL<br>1149 South Hill Street  | OLIC MATHEE                              |  |  |  |  |
| 8  | Los Angeles, California 90015-2299<br>Telephone: (213) 765-1334   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9  | Telephone: (213) 765-1209   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | STATE BAR COURT   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | HEARING DEPARTMENT - LOS ANGELES  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | In the Matter of:   | ) Case Nos. 11-O-16105, 11-O-18142,      |  |  |  |  |
| 14 |   | ) 12-O-11198, 12-O-13367,<br>12-O-11726. |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | MITCHELL J. STEIN,  | )  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | No. 121750,   | ) NOTICE OF DISCIPLINARY CHARGES         |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | A Member of the State Bar   | )<br>)                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 18 |   | )<br>.)                                  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | NOTICE - FAILU  | URE TO RESPOND!                          |  |  |  |  |
| 20 | IF YOU FAIL TO FILE A WRITTEN ANSWER TO THIS NOTICE   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21 | WITHIN 20 DAYS AFTER SERVICE, OR IF YOU FAIL TO APPEAR AT THE STATE BAR COURT TRIAL:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | (1) YOUR DEFAULT WILL BE EN   | TERED;                                   |  |  |  |  |
| 23 | <ul> <li>(2) YOUR STATUS WILL BE CHANGED TO INACTIVE AND YOU WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO PRACTICE LAW;</li> <li>(3) YOU WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO PARTICIPATE FURTHER IN THESE PROCEEDINGS UNLESS YOU MAKE A TIMELY MOTION AND THE DEFAULT IS SET ASIDE, AND;</li> <li>(4) YOU SHALL BE SUBJECT TO ADDITIONAL DISCIPLINE. SPECIFICALLY, IF YOU FAIL TO TIMELY MOVE TO SET ASIDE OR VACATE YOUR DEFAULT, THIS COURT WILL ENTER AN</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | ORDER RECOMMENDING YOUR DISBARMENT WITHOUT FURTHER HEARING OR PROCEEDING. SEE RULE 5.80 ET SEQ.,  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | RULES OF PROCEDURE OF THE STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA.  kwiktag* 152 143 153  |  |  |  |  |  |
|    |   |  |  |  |  |  |

-1-

The State Bar of California alleges:

### JURISDICTION

1. MITCHELL J. STEIN ("Respondent") was admitted to the practice of law in the State of California on December 10, 1985, was a member at all times pertinent to these charges, and is currently a member of the State Bar of California.

### COUNT ONE

Case No. 11-O-16105
Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A)
[Failure to Perform with Competence]

- 2. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A), by intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failing to perform legal services with competence, as follows:
- 3. In or about March 2011, Paul Strohecker ("Strohecker") had a telephone conversation with Toby Butterworth ("Butterworth"), a non-attorney employed by Respondent, regarding becoming a plaintiff in a mass joinder lawsuit against Strohecker's mortgage lender, Deutsch Bank. Butterworth told Stohecker that by becoming a plaintiff in Respondent's mass joiner lawsuit, Strohecker's home would be save from foreclosure and/or Strohecker would obtain a loan modification.
- 4. In or about March 2011, Butterworth sent Respondent's fee agreement to Strohecker. The fee agreement provided that in exchange for Respondent's representation, Strohecker was required to pay an "up-front," "non-refundable," "non-creditable," "fully earned retainer" as set forth in "Exhibit B" of the fee agreement. Exhibit B of the fee agreement listed the non-refundable and non-creditable retainer fee as \$5,000. The fee agreement further provided that Respondent was to include Strohecker in the litigation matter of his choice and was to proceed to assure that all aspects of Strohecker's home loan were litigated to judgment or best-case settlement.
- 5. On or about March 16, 2011, Strohecker and his wife, Francesca Vacatello, signed and returned Respondent's fee agreement to Butterworth.

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- 6. On or about March 21, 2011, Strohecker mailed Butterworth a cashier's check made payable to Respondent in the amount of \$5,000. Respondent received the cashier's check. The cashier's check was cashed. Respondent accepted representation of Strohecker.
- 7. In or about March 2011, Butterworth stated to Strohecker that Respondent would file the lawsuit against Strohecker's lender in about a month.
- 8. Between in or about March 2011 and in or about July 2011, Strohecker had multiple telephone conversations with Butterworth and exchanged e-mails. At no time did Strohecker speak with Respondent or an attorney working with Respondent about the mass joinder litigation.
- 9. In or about July 2011, Strohecker sent Butterworth an e-mail advising Butterworth that Strohecker's lender had set a date for the sale of Strohecker's home. Butterworth sent Strohecker an e-mail in return stating that he would telephone Strohecker. In or about July 2011, Butterworth telephoned Strohecker. But by that time, Strohecker's home had been sold. However, Butterworth told Strohecker that the lawsuit against his lender was still a viable option and urged Strohecker to permit Respondent to file a lawsuit against the lender.
- 10. Thereafter, Respondent and all Respondent's employees ceased all communication with Strohecker. By ceasing all communication with Strohecker in July 2011, Respondent constructively terminated his employment with Strohecker.
- 11. On or about August 15, 2011, the Superior Court of California assumed jurisdiction over Respondent' law practice pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6190.
- 12. Respondent did not obtain a loan modification on behalf of Strohecker, add Strohecker to an existing mass joinder lawsuit, file a lawsuit on behalf of Strohecker, or otherwise perform any legal services of value on his behalf.
- 13. By failing to file a lawsuit on Strohecker's behalf, or otherwise perform any legal services of value on his behalf, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal services with competence.

#### COUNT TWO

# Case No. 11-O-16105 Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2) [Failure to Refund Unearned Fees]

- 14. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2), by failing to refund promptly any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been earned, as follows:
  - 15. The allegations of Count One are incorporated by reference.
- 16. Respondent did not perform any services of value on behalf of Strohecker. Respondent did not earn any portion of the \$5,000 advanced fee that Strohecker paid to him. At no time did Respondent refund any portion of the \$5,000 advanced fee that Strohecker paid to him.
- 17. By failing to refund the \$5,000 advanced fee that Strohecker paid to him, Respondent failed to refund promptly, after termination of employment, any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been earned.

## **COUNT THREE**

# Case No. 11-O-18142 Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A) [Failure to Perform with Competence]

- 18. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A), by intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failing to perform legal services with competence, as follows:
- 19. In or about April 2011, Rosa Alcala met with Rosie Soto ("Soto"), a non-attorney employed by Respondent, to discuss pursuing litigation against Rosa Alcala's home mortgage lender. At the time Rosa Alcala met with Soto, the home owned by Rosa Alcala and her husband, Carlos Alcala (collectively, "the Alcalas"), was in foreclosure. Soto told Rosa Alcala that Respondent would work with the Alcalases' lender to ensure they would not be evicted from her home.
- 20. On or about April 19, 2011, Carlos Alcala, signed Respondent's fee agreement. The fee agreement provided that in exchange for Respondent's representation, Carlos Alcala was required to pay an "up-front," "non-refundable," "non-creditable," "fully earned retainer" as set forth in "Exhibit B" of the fee agreement. Exhibit B of the fee agreement lists the non-

| .                               |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1 -                             | refundable and non-creditable retainer fee as \$5,000. The fee agreement further provided that        |
| 2                               | Respondent was to include Carlos Alcala in the litigation matter of his choice and was to             |
| 3                               | proceed to assure that all aspects of Carlos Alcala's home loan were litigated to judgment or         |
| 4                               | best-case settlement.   |
| 5                               | 21. On or about April 22, 2011, Rosa Alcala met with Soto at a fast food restaurant and               |
| 6                               | provided Soto with a cashier's check payable to Respondent in the amount of \$5,000.                  |
| 7                               | Respondent received the cashier's check. The cashier's check was cashed. Respondent accepted          |
| 8                               | representation of the Alcalas.  |
| 9                               | 22. Between on or about April 2011 and May 2011, Rosa Alcala made multiple telephone                  |
| 10                              | calls to Respondent at the number listed on the fee agreement to discuss her case. Initially, Rosa    |
| 11                              | Alcala spoke with Soto who told her that Respondent was out of the office. Soto relayed Rosa          |
| 12                              | Alcala's messages to Respondent. At no time did Respondent return the calls. Thereafter, Soto         |
| 13                              | stopped accepting Rosa Alacala's calls.   |
| 14                              | 23. On or about May 12, 2011, Rosa Alcala sent Respondent a letter by U.S. mail, email,               |
| 15                              | and facsimile transmission, terminating Respondent's employment. Respondent received the              |
| 16                              | letter.   |
| 17                              | 24. Respondent neither added the Alcalas to an existing lawsuit, nor filed a lawsuit on their         |
| 18                              | behalf. Respondent did not perform any legal services of value on behalf of the Alcalas.              |
| 19                              | 25. By failing to file a lawsuit on the Alcalas behalf, or otherwise perform any legal                |
| 20                              | services of value, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform legal        |
| 21                              | services with competence.   |
| 22                              | <u>COUNT FOUR</u>   |
| <ul><li>23</li><li>24</li></ul> | Case No. 11-O-18142 Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2) [Failure to Refund Unearned Fees] |
| 25                              | 26. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2), by                  |
| - 1                             | 1   |

27. The allegations of Count Three are incorporated by reference.

failing to refund promptly any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been earned, as follows:

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- 28. Respondent did not perform any services of value on behalf of the Alcalas. Respondent did not earn any portion of the \$5,000 advanced fee that Alcalas paid to him.
- 29. During the multiple telephone conversations with Soto and in the letter sent to Respondent by U.S. mail, email, and facsimile transmission, Rosa Alcala demanded that Respondent return the \$5,000 advanced fee that she paid to him.
- 30. At no time did Respondent refund any portion of the \$5,000 advanced fee that the Alcalas paid to him.
- 31. By failing to refund the \$5,000 advanced fee that the Alcalas paid to him, Respondent failed to refund promptly, after termination of employment, any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been earned.

### **COUNT FIVE**

Case No. 12-O-11198
Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A)
[Failure to Perform with Competence]

- 32. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A), by intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failing to perform legal services with competence, as follows:
- 33. Between in or about March 2011 and in or about June 2011, Jerome Kamins ("Kamins"), a resident of Florida, discussed with various non-attorneys employed by Respondent about his joining the mass joinder lawsuits that Respondent was prosecuting.
- 34. On or about June 14, 2011, Kamins and his wife, Elaine Kamins, signed and mailed Respondent's fee agreement to Respondent. The fee agreement provided that in exchange for Respondent's representation, Kamins was required to pay an "up-front," "non-refundable," "non-creditable," "fully earned retainer" as set forth in "Exhibit B" of the fee agreement. The fee agreement further provided that Respondent was to include Kamins in the litigation matter of his choice and was to proceed to assure that all aspects of Kamins's home loan were litigated to judgment or best-case settlement. The fee agreement stated the retainer amount for legal services was listed in "Exhibit B." Exhibit B listed the retainer fee to be \$5,000.

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35. On or about June 14, 2011, Kamins also mailed Respondent a check made payable to

## **COUNT SEVEN**

Case No. 12-O-13367
Rules of Professional Conduct, Rule 3-110(A)
[Failure to Perform with Competence]

- 44. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-110(A), by intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failing to perform legal services with competence, as follows:
- 45. On or about December 3, 2010, Kenneth Schalmo ("Schalmo"), an Ohio resident, employed Respondent to represent him in mortgage litigation involving numerous properties owned by Schalmo and his various affiliates on which there existed a secured loan or mortgage.
- 46. On or about December 3, 2010, Schalmo signed Respondent's fee agreement. The fee agreement provided that Respondent would "zealously and vigorously protect [Schalmo's] personal legal rights" and conduct litigation against "various financial institutions for violating their legal obligations toward [Schalmo]."
- 47. On or about December 3, 2010, Schalmo purchased a cashier's check made payable to Respondent in the amount of \$80,000. On or about that date, Schalmo sent the cashier's check and the signed fee agreement to Respondent. Respondent received the cashier's check. Respondent cashed the cashier's check and countersigned the fee agreement. Respondent accepted employment by Schalmo.
  - 48. On or about December 7, 2010, Respondent countersigned the fee agreement.
- 49. Between in or about December 2010 and in or about August 2011, Schalmo communicated by e-mail and telephone with Respondent and a man that identified himself as Michael S. Riley ("Riley"), a member of the State Bar of Florida and business partner of Respondent. During this time, Schalmo requested status updates on the litigation involving his investment properties. Between in or about April 2011 and August 2011, Respondent and Riley advised Schalmo to pursue the mass joinder litigation that Respondent was purportedly prosecuting against banks.
- 50. On or about August 15, 2011, the Superior Court of California assumed jurisdiction over Respondent's law practice pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6190.

1 51. On or about September 16, 2011, Respondent and Schalmo signed an agreement 2 terminating Respondent's employment. 3 52. Between December 3, 2010 and September 16, 2011, Respondent neither added 4 Schalmo to an existing lawsuit, nor filed a lawsuit on his behalf. Respondent did not perform 5 any legal services of value on behalf of Schalmo. 6 53. By failing to file a lawsuit on behalf of Schalmo, or otherwise perform any legal 7 services on his behalf, Respondent intentionally, recklessly, or repeatedly failed to perform 8 legal services with competence. 9 **COUNT EIGHT** 10 Case No. 12-O-13367 Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(3) 11 [Failure to Render Accounts of Client Funds] 12 54. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 4-100(B)(3), by 13 failing to render appropriate accounts to a client regarding all funds coming into Respondent's 14 possession, as follows: 15 55. The allegations of Count Seven are incorporated by reference. 16 56. On or about November 1, 2011, November 22, 2011, December 1, 2011, December 7, 17 2011, January 23, 2012, March 12, 2012, and March 20, 2012, Schalmo sent e-mails to 18 Respondent requesting an accounting of the \$80,000 advanced fee that Schalmo paid to 19 Respondent. Respondent received the e-mails. 20 57. At no time did Respondent provide Schalmo with an accounting of the \$80,000 that 21 Schalmo paid to Respondent. 22. 58. By failing to account for the \$80,000 advanced fee paid by Schalmo, Respondent failed 23 to render appropriate accounts to a client regarding all funds coming into Respondent's 24 possession. 25 111 26 /// 27 /// 28 ///

1 COUNT NINE 2 Case No. 12-O-13367 Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2) 3 [Failure to Refund Unearned Fees] 4 59. Respondent wilfully violated Rules of Professional Conduct, rule 3-700(D)(2), by 5 failing to refund promptly any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been earned, as follows: 6 60. The allegations of Counts Seven and Eight are incorporated by reference. 61. Respondent did not perform any legal services of value on behalf of Schalmo. 8 62. Respondent did not earn any portion of the \$80,000 paid by Schalmo. 9 63. At no time did Respondent refund any portion of the \$80,000 paid by Schalmo. 10 64. By failing to refund the \$80,000 paid by Schalmo, Respondent failed to refund 11 promptly, after termination of employment, any part of a fee paid in advance that has not been 12 earned. 13 COUNT TEN 14 Case No. 12-O-13367 Business and Professions Code, section 6106 15 [Moral Turpitude] 65. Respondent wilfully violated Business and Professions Code, section 6106, by 16 17 committing an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption, to wit: Respondent 18 knowingly and by false or fraudulent representation or pretense, did defraud \$52,077 belonging 19 to Schalmo in the manner described as follows: 20 66. The allegations of Counts Seven through Nine are incorporated by reference. 21 67. Between on or in September 2011 and December 2011, Respondent created multiple 22 irrevocable trusts, escrow accounts, and partnership agreements. Respondent fraudulently 23 induced Schalmo to believe that the purpose of said trusts, escrow accounts, and partnership 24 agreements were to protect Schalmo's assets. 25 68. On or about September 19, 2011, Respondent directed Schalmo to send the original deeds of all Schalmo's properties to Respondent at Respondent's residence in Hidden Hills, 26 27 California. Between in or about September 2011 and in or about October 2011, Schalmo 28 complied with the request.

- 69. On or about September 19, 2011, Respondent directed Schalmo to instruct the tenants of all Schalmo's rental properties to make their rent checks payable to "IAG". Schalmo complied with the request.
- 70. On or about October 4, 2011, Schalmo forwarded approximately 60 rent checks to Respondent at Respondent's law firm address. Respondent received the rent checks.
- 71. On or about October 4, 2012, Respondent directed Schalmo to send any remaining rent checks to "IAG," located at 23371 Mulholland Drive, Suite 142, in Woodland Hills, California. Schalmo complied with the request.
- 72. 23371 Mulholland Drive, Suite 142, in Woodland Hills California is a post office box within a Postal Annex store. As of September 21, 2011, post office box 142 was registered to Respondent's wife, Tracey Hampton-Stein. Respondent received all the rent checks sent to the post office box by Schalmo.
- 73. Between on or about November 1, 2011, and on or about November 3, 2011, Respondent cashed the rent checks he received from Schalmo. The checks totaled \$52,077.
- 74. On or in about November 2011, Respondent converted the \$52,077 and used the money for his own personal use. At no time did Respondent utilize trusts, escrow accounts, or partnership agreements to protect Schalmo's assets.
- 75. Between on or about November 22, 2011 and March 20, 2012, Schalmo sent multiple e-mails to Respondent demanding the return of the certified copies of the deeds and the rent funds he had sent to Respondent. Respondent received the e-mails.
  - 76. At no time did Respondent return any of the \$52,077 in funds belonging Schalmo.
  - 77. At no time did Respondent return to Schalmo the certified copies of the deeds.
- 78. By misleading Schalmo to believe that the multiple trusts, escrow accounts, and partnership agreements which Respondent created would protect Schalmo's assets, by directing Schalmo to send him the rent checks and certified deeds of the properties, by converting to his own use the \$52,077 in rent funds, and by failing to comply with Schalmo's repeated demands to return the copies of the certified deeds, Respondent committed an act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty or corruption.

COUNT ELEVEN

Case No. 12-O-11726
Business and Professions Code, section 6068(a)
[Failure to Comply With Laws-Unauthorized Practice]

- 79. Respondent wilfully violated Business and Professions Code, section 6068(a), by failing to support the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this state by holding himself out as practicing or entitled to practice law or otherwise practicing law while not an active member of the State Bar in violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6125 and 6126, as follows:
- 80. On or about August 15, 2011, the Superior Court of California assumed jurisdiction over Respondent's law practice pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6190.
- 81. On or about December 29, 2012, in State Bar Court case 11-TR-18758-RAH, the State Bar Court ordered Respondent involuntarily enrolled as an inactive member of the State Bar pursuant to Business and Professions Code section 6007(b)(2). Since January 1, 2012, Respondent has remained an involuntarily inactive member of the State Bar.
- 82. At all time pertinent to these charges, Respondent maintained a website located at www.dobielaw.org ("website").
- 83. Between on or about January 7, 2012 to on or about April 26, 2012, Respondent advertised legal services and held himself out as entitled to practice law by publishing statements on the website to including, but not limited to, the following:
  - a. "The Firm's founder and senior partner Mitchell J. Stein is a 25-year, awarding winning lawyer licensed by the State Bar of California with no record of discipline by the State Bar at any time according to the State Bar's official website."
  - b. "'The Doberman.' Mitchell J. Stein, Esq. is a 25-year awarding-winning litigator. As trial lawyer, financier, and entrepreneur, he has represented many of the world's largest companies in State [sic] and Federal [sic] Court, and has been involved in some of the highest profile cases in the Nation's [sic] history."
    - c. "This website constitutes attorney advertisement."

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- 84. Between on or about January 1, 2011 and on or about October 30, 2012, Respondent employed Erikson M. Davis ("Davis"), a member of the State Bar of California, in the capacity of a straw man, for the purpose of enabling Respondent to engage in the *sub rosa* practice of law, including, but not limited to, directing litigation strategy, soliciting new clients, representing existing clients, filing pleadings in court, and collecting attorney's fees.
- 85. Between on or about January 1, 2011 and on or about October 30, 2012, Respondent employed Andrew M. Weitz ("Weitz"), a member of the State Bar of California, in the capacity of a straw man, for the purposes of enabling Respondent to engage in the *sub rosa* practice of law, including, but not limited to, directing litigation strategy, soliciting new clients, representing existing clients, filing pleadings in court, and collecting attorney's fees.
- 86. By, publishing multiple statements on the website that advertised legal services or held out Respondent as practicing or entitled to practice law and by employing Davis and Weitz in the capacity of straw men to facilitate Respondent's *sub rosa* practice of law, Respondent failed to support the Constitution and laws of the United States and of this state by holding himself out as practicing or entitled to practice law or otherwise practicing law while not an active member of the State Bar in violation of Business and Professions Code, section 6125 and 6126.

### **NOTICE - INACTIVE ENROLLMENT!**

YOU ARE HEREBY FURTHER NOTIFIED THAT IF THE STATE BAR COURT FINDS, PURSUANT TO BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTION 6007(c), THAT YOUR CONDUCT POSES A SUBSTANTIAL THREAT OF HARM TO THE INTERESTS OF YOUR CLIENTS OR TO THE PUBLIC, YOU MAY BE INVOLUNTARILY ENROLLED AS AN INACTIVE MEMBER OF THE STATE BAR. YOUR INACTIVE ENROLLMENT WOULD BE IN ADDITION TO ANY DISCIPLINE RECOMMENDED BY THE COURT.

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## **NOTICE - COST ASSESSMENT!**

IN THE EVENT THESE PROCEDURES RESULT IN PUBLIC DISCIPLINE, YOU MAY BE SUBJECT TO THE PAYMENT OF COSTS INCURRED BY THE STATE BAR IN THE INVESTIGATION, HEARING AND REVIEW OF THIS MATTER PURSUANT TO BUSINESS AND PROFESSIONS CODE SECTION 6086.10.

10 DATED: December 14, 2012

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DATED: December 14, 2012

By:

Eli D. Morgenstern Senior Trial Counsel

THE STATE BAR OF CALIFORNIA

OFFICE OF THE CHIEF TRIAL COUNSEL

Respectfully submitted,

By:

Kelsey J. Blevings Deputy Trial Counsel

# DECLARATION OF SERVICE

by U.S. CERTIFIED MAIL

# CASE NUMBER(s): 11-0-16105, 11-0-18142, 12-0-11198, 12-0-13367 and 12-0-11726

| I, the undersigned, am over the a<br>California, 1149 South Hill Street, Los Ang   | ge of eighteen (18) years and not a party to the wieles, Califomia 90015, declare that:  | hin action, whose business address and p    | place of employment is the State Bar of        |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| - on the date shown below, I caused to be served a true copy of the within document described as follows:  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| NOTICE OF DISCIPLINARY CHARGES   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| By U.S. First-Class Mail: (CCP §§ 1013 and 1013(a))  - in accordance with the practice of the State Bar of California for collection and processing of mail, I deposited or placed for collection and mailing in the City and County of Los Angeles.  By Overnight Delivery: (CCP §§ 1013(c) and 1013(d))  - I am readily familiar with the State Bar of California's practice for collection and processing of correspondence for overnight delivery by the United Parcel Service ('UPS By Fax Transmission: (CCP §§ 1013(e) and 1013(f))  Based on agreement of the parties to accept service by fax transmission is retained on file and available upon request.  By Electronic Service: (CCP § 1010.6)  Based on a court order or an agreement of the parties to accept service by electronic transmission, I caused the documents to be sent to the person(s) at the electronic addresses listed herein below. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful. |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (for U.S. First-Class Mail) in a sealed envelope placed for collection and mailing at Los Angeles, addressed to: (see below)  (for Certified Mail) in a sealed envelope placed for collection and mailing as certified mail, return receipt requested,  Article No.: 7160 3901 9845 4871 4111 at Los Angeles, addressed to: (see below)  (for Overnight Delivery) together with a copy of this declaration, in an envelope, or package designated by UPS,  Tracking No.: addressed to: (see below)   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Person Served  | Business-Residential Address   | Fax Number                                  | Courtesy Copy to:                              |  |  |  |  |
| STEVEN JAY IPSEN   | 32950 Deerglen Lane<br>Agua Dulce, CA 91390  | Electronic Address                          |  |  |  |  |  |
| Via inter-office mail regularly pro  | cessed and maintained by the State Bar o   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| overnight delivery by the United Parcel Se   | e Bar of California's practice for collection and pro<br>rvice ('UPS'). In the ordinary course of the State E<br>ited States Postal Service that same day, and for o | Bar of California's practice, correspondenc | e collected and processed by the State Bar of  |  |  |  |  |
| I am aware that on motion of the after date of deposit for mailing contained   | party served, service is presumed invalid if postal in the affidavit.  | cancellation date or postage meter date o   | n the envelope or package is more than one day |  |  |  |  |
| I declare under penalty of pe<br>California, on the date shown below.<br>DATED: December 14, 20  | rjury, under the laws of the State of California   | //  | et. Executed at Los Angeles,                   |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Declarant                                   |  |  |  |  |  |